NORTH WEST LADO GROUP

LADO REFERRALS INDICATOR MATRIX

Indicators Matrix LADO= Tiers 1-4					
Tier 1: Incident that does not need LADO input but may be a conduct issue. This would not need recording by LADO and should be recorded internally by the employer	Tier 2: Incident which might require LADO logging incident and 'No Further Action taken'. Employer should ensure this information is recorded internally.	Tier 3: Incident which requires consideration of referral to other agency such as police or Ofsted and requires an Allegations Management Strategy Meeting	Tier 4: incident which requires immediate suspension/ police referral/ arrest/ immediate action to protect child requiring a Section 47 strategy meeting or strategy meeting under allegations Management		
Complaint made by parent or carer	Member of staff alleged to have	Allegation made which meets the	Allegation made with credible		
or comment made by child that does	acted or reacted in a way considered	threshold for referral to LADO under	corroborating evidence, where a		
not seem to have any corroborating	inappropriate but not harmful;	the LCPP and appears in the first	child has been injured or harmed.		
evidence. There is no injury seen, or	parental or child complaint about	instance to meet the threshold for			
witness accounts do not corroborate	such an incident, to outside agency	referral to police.	Behaviour by the professional or		
the allegation, the manager	eg. Ofsted, or CQC who have	Such cases may not always involve	volunteer which is deemed to be		
confident this does not meet the	referred to LADO for further	serious injury to a child but present	extremely concerning towards the		
threshold for a referral but is	enquiries; allegation made but	as a breach of the position of trust	children they are caring for and		
intending to investigate further.	manager believes at this point they can deal with this internally and are	the professional or volunteer was in.	requires immediate suspension.		
In such cases the relevant manager	checking with LADO for information	A proportion of these types of	Allegation by a member of the		
may wish to have a consultation	only.	referral may result in a 'no crime'	professional/volunteer's family		
discussion with the LADO, and both		outcome from police, but the	which is so serious it requires		
can make a record of the discussion	This category also includes	allegations process must be followed	immediate consideration by		
and agree it will be dealt with	volunteers and professionals where	as the referring information met the	employer.		
internally, in case further	there are domestic issues which	threshold.			
information comes to light to	require them to inform their line	Sometimes these referrals do not			
question why no formal LADO	manager (for example a section 47	immediately appear to have a			
referral was made. However no	investigation at home) but the	criminal element but the reported			
names will be used as this does not	employer/manager is clear there are	actions mean that a regulatory body			
meet the threshold for a record	no risks presented by this person in	such as Ofsted, or the National			

about a named person to be kept. their place of work. Council for Teaching and Leadership, or HCPC, General medical council or These are incidents where an Nursing and Midwifery council. will escalation to a police referral would need to be informed. be considered a disproportionate It is essential in these cases that response. there is a clear outcome and this is These cases are likely to meet the communicated to the threshold for a confidential record to professional/volunteer. These be kept by the LADO, with the referrals can result in a note on knowledge of the person concerned future DBS checks and could have an and their manager. impact on the professional/ volunteer's future career.

Physical abuse

Examples could be: child objecting to a sanction imposed in school, describing an event to parent who then comes in to complain about how their child says they have been treated: but does not have all the information.

Young person in children's home involved in a confrontation and making accusations where there were several witnesses and there is an incident report that appears to refute the child's account that they were harmed.

An allegation that is made second

Examples could be: child accusing teacher of pushing them, when it appears they were being guided away from a situation (covered by 'Use of Reasonable Force' DfE 2013).

Nursery worker seen by parent to be pulling a child away from a situation, parent considers this is done roughly but professional claims it was to remove child from a confrontation where they may have been harmed/ may have harmed another child.

Examples could be a credible disclosure by a child or young person that uses the word 'hit' or 'hurt'; yet there is no injury seen and no corroborating evidence of child's account.

Restraint that has caused an injury to the person being restrained.

An incident witnessed, where there is a physical exchange between staff and child or young person. It is unclear whether self defence or retaliation was involved. The matter needs full investigation. GP is seen to be pulling a child in

Child has clearly been injured or could have been injured as a direct result of the actions of a professional or volunteer.

Incident within the professional/ volunteers home life that is of high risk and high level of concern.

or third hand and facts are not clear, or the professional alleged to have done this was not there at the time; or there is confusion about the account.	Professional or volunteer accused of domestic violence assault on own children but there have never been any concerns at work about him/her.	the consultation room to sit down by a parent and deemed to have handled the child in rough manner and the child now has a red mark on their arm.	
	Sexual	abuse	
A schoolgirl telling a friend, who tells the teacher, that another teacher 'makes her feel funny when he looks at her' but no other concerns or complaints expressed.	A professional or volunteer makes an inappropriate remark that appears on the surface to be naive rather than potentially grooming or acts in a way that could be deemed unprofessional.	A very young child still requiring personal care/ nappy changing, indicates that a nursery worker touched him/her in the genital area A professional or volunteer has been sending inappropriate but not necessarily sexual, texts to young people he/she works with.	Professional or volunteer arranging to meet young person outside the work environment and asking them not to tell anyone; or making inappropriate contact through social media with sexual overtones.
	Emotional al	ouse/ neglect	
A child with a history of challenging behaviour, alleging s/he feels bullied by a well respected member of staff. Concerns that family members of the professional or volunteer may be involved in criminal activity.	Teacher under stress who is heard to shout inappropriately at the children one day towards the end of term. Childminder witnessed to ignore children crying and speak rudely to them, but further context not	A foster carer where there have been several complaints about poor practice and standards of care; children in their care who are not always clean or appropriately dressed or seen to be treated in a way that causes concern to observing professionals.	Making racist or derogatory remarks to a child or young person in the presence of witnesses.

	known.	A child informs his teacher that his Daddy locks him in a dark room to frighten him, and hits his mummy, his Daddy is a consultant surgeon			
Suggestion actions.					
Managers to investigate further to satisfy themselves this matter does not meet the threshold for a referral outside the organisation, and identify any appropriate actions.	Investigate further with a clear view that this could be escalated to a full LADO referral if more information comes to light. If no further information is discovered, offer words of advice/ training and make a record of this on the professional or volunteer's personnel file.	Full referral to LADO and consideration of what actions are required under the procedures. This may or may not include referral to police.	Full referral to LADO and consideration what actions are required under the procedures. This will include referral to police.		